

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 6272

January Session, 2011

____HB06272GAE___032411_____

AN ACT CONCERNING REVISIONS TO THE STATE CODES OF ETHICS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 1-79 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- 3 The following terms, when used in this part, shall have the
- 4 following meanings unless the context otherwise requires:
- 5 [(a)] (1) "Blind trust" means a trust established by a public official or
- 6 state employee or member of his immediate family for the purpose of
- 7 divestiture of all control and knowledge of assets.
- 8 [(b)] (2) "Business with which he is associated" means any sole
- 9 proprietorship, partnership, firm, corporation, trust or other entity
- 10 through which business for profit or not for profit is conducted in
- 11 which the public official or state employee or member of his
- 12 immediate family is a director, officer, owner, limited or general
- partner, beneficiary of a trust or holder of stock constituting five per
- 14 cent or more of the total outstanding stock of any class, provided, a
- 15 public official or state employee, or member of his immediate family,
- shall not be deemed to be associated with a not for profit entity solely
- 17 by virtue of the fact that the public official or state employee or
- 18 member of his immediate family is an unpaid director or officer of the

- 19 not for profit entity. "Officer" refers only to the president, executive or 20 senior vice president or treasurer of such business.
- 21 [(c)] (3) "Candidate for public office" means any individual who has 22 filed a declaration of candidacy or a petition to appear on the ballot for 23 election as a public official, or who has raised or expended money in 24 furtherance of such candidacy, or who has been nominated for 25 appointment to serve as a public official, but shall not include a 26 candidate for the office of senator or representative in Congress.
- 27 [(d)] (4) "Board" means the Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board 28 established in section 1-80, as amended by this act.
- 29 [(e)] (5) "Gift" means anything of value, which is directly and 30 personally received, unless consideration of equal or greater value is 31 given in return. "Gift" [shall] does not include:
- 32 [(1)] (A) A political contribution otherwise reported as required by 33 law or a donation or payment as described in subdivision (9) or (10) of 34 subsection (b) of section 9-601a;
- 35 [(2)] (B) Services provided by persons volunteering their time, if 36 provided to aid or promote the success or defeat of any political party, 37 any candidate or candidates for public office or the position of 38 convention delegate or town committee member or any referendum 39 question;
- 40 [(3)] (C) A commercially reasonable loan made on terms not more 41 favorable than loans made in the ordinary course of business;
- 42 [(4)] (\underline{D}) A gift received from [(A)] (\underline{i}) an individual's spouse, fiance 43 or fiancee, [(B)] (ii) the parent, brother or sister of such spouse or such 44 individual, or [(C)] (iii) the child of such individual or the spouse of 45 such child;
- 46 [(5)] (E) Goods or services [(A) which] (i) that are provided to a state agency or quasi-public agency [(i)] (I) for use on state or quasi-public agency property, or [(ii)] (II) that support an event, and [(B) which] (ii)

- 49 that facilitate state or quasi-public agency action or functions. As used
- 50 in this [subdivision] subparagraph, "state property" means [(i)]
- 51 property owned by the state or a quasi-public agency, or [(ii)] property
- 52 leased to a state agency or quasi-public agency;
- [(6)] (F) A certificate, plaque or other ceremonial award costing less
- 54 than one hundred dollars;
- [(7)] (G) A rebate, discount or promotional item available to the
- 56 general public;
- [(8)] (H) Printed or recorded informational material germane to
- 58 state action or functions;
- [(9)] (I) Food or beverage or both, costing less than fifty dollars in
- 60 the aggregate per recipient in a calendar year, and consumed on an
- 61 occasion or occasions at which the person paying, directly or
- 62 indirectly, for the food or beverage, or his representative, is in
- 63 attendance;
- [(10)] (J) Food or beverage or both, costing less than fifty dollars per
- 65 person and consumed at a publicly noticed legislative reception to
- 66 which all members of the General Assembly are invited and which is
- 67 hosted not more than once in any calendar year by a lobbyist or
- business organization. For the purposes of such limit, [(A)] (i) a
- 69 reception hosted by a lobbyist who is an individual shall be deemed to
- have also been hosted by the business organization which he owns or
- 71 is employed by, and [(B)] (ii) a reception hosted by a business
- organization shall be deemed to have also been hosted by all owners
- and employees of the business organization who are lobbyists. In
- making the calculation for the purposes of such fifty-dollar limit, the donor shall divide the amount spent on food and beverage by the
- donor shall divide the amount spent on food and beverage by the
- 76 number of persons whom the donor reasonably expects to attend the
- 77 reception;
- [(11)] (K) Food or beverage or both, costing less than fifty dollars per
- 79 person and consumed at a publicly noticed reception to which all

80 members of the General Assembly from a region of the state are 81 invited and which is hosted not more than once in any calendar year 82 by a lobbyist or business organization. For the purposes of such limit, 83 [(A)] (i) a reception hosted by a lobbyist who is an individual shall be 84 deemed to have also been hosted by the business organization which 85 he owns or is employed by, and [(B)] (ii) a reception hosted by a 86 business organization shall be deemed to have also been hosted by all 87 owners and employees of the business organization who are lobbyists. 88 In making the calculation for the purposes of such fifty-dollar limit, the 89 donor shall divide the amount spent on food and beverage by the 90 number of persons whom the donor reasonably expects to attend the 91 reception. As used in this subdivision, "region of the state" means the 92 established geographic service area of the organization hosting the 93 reception;

- [(12)] (L) A gift, including, but not limited to, food or beverage or both, provided by an individual for the celebration of a major life event, provided any such gift provided by an individual who is not a member of the family of the recipient shall not exceed one thousand dollars in value;
- 99 [(13)] (M) Gifts costing less than one hundred dollars in the 100 aggregate or food or beverage provided at a hospitality suite at a meeting or conference of an interstate legislative association, by a 102 person who is not a registrant or is not doing business with the state of 103 Connecticut;
 - [(14)] (N) Admission to a charitable or civic event, including food and beverage provided at such event, but excluding lodging or travel expenses, at which a public official or state employee participates in his <u>or her</u> official capacity, provided such admission is provided by the primary sponsoring entity;
- 109 [(15)] (O) Anything of value provided by an employer of [(A)] (i) a 110 public official, [(B)] (ii) a state employee, or [(C)] (iii) a spouse of a 111 public official or state employee, to such official, employee or spouse,

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- 112 provided such benefits are customarily and ordinarily provided to
- 113 others in similar circumstances;
- [(16)] (P) Anything having a value of not more than ten dollars,
- provided the aggregate value of all things provided by a donor to a
- 116 recipient under this subdivision in any calendar year shall not exceed
- 117 fifty dollars;
- [(17)] (Q) Training that is provided by a vendor for a product
- 119 purchased by a state or quasi-public agency which is offered to all
- 120 customers of such vendor; or
- 121 [(18)] (R) Travel expenses, lodging, food, beverage and other
- 122 benefits customarily provided by a prospective employer, when
- provided to a student at a public institution of higher education whose
- 124 employment is derived from such student's status as a student at such
- institution, in connection with bona fide employment discussions.
- 126 [(f)] (6) "Immediate family" means any spouse, children or
- dependent relatives who reside in the individual's household.
- 128 [(g)] [7] "Individual" means a natural person.
- [(h)] (8) "Member of an advisory board" means any individual [(1)]
- 130 (A) appointed by a public official as an advisor or consultant or
- member of a committee, commission or council established to advise,
- recommend or consult with a public official or branch of government
- or committee thereof, [(2)] (B) who receives no public funds other than
- per diem payments or reimbursement for his actual and necessary
- expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties, and [(3)]
- 136 (C) who has no authority to expend any public funds or to exercise the
- power of the state.
- [(i)] (9) "Person" means an individual, sole proprietorship, trust,
- 139 corporation, limited liability company, union, association, firm,
- 140 partnership, committee, club or other organization or group of
- 141 persons.

[(j)] (10) "Political contribution" has the same meaning as in section 9-601a except that for purposes of this part, the provisions of subsection (b) of [that] section 9-601a shall not apply.

[(k)] (11) "Public official" means any state-wide elected officer, any member or member-elect of the General Assembly, any person appointed to any office of the legislative, judicial or executive branch of state government by the Governor or an appointee of the Governor, with or without the advice and consent of the General Assembly, any public member or representative of the teachers' unions or state employees' unions appointed to the Investment Advisory Council pursuant to subsection (a) of section 3-13b, any person appointed or elected by the General Assembly or by any member of either house thereof, any member or director of a quasi-public agency and the spouse of the Governor, but shall not include a member of an advisory board, a judge of any court either elected or appointed or a senator or representative in Congress.

[(l)] (12) "Quasi-public agency" means the Connecticut Development Authority, Connecticut Innovations, Incorporated, Connecticut Health and Education Facilities Authority, Connecticut Higher Education Supplemental Loan Authority, Connecticut Housing Finance Authority, [Connecticut] State Housing Authority, Connecticut Resources Recovery Authority, Lower Fairfield County Convention Center Authority, Capital City Economic Development Authority, Connecticut Lottery Corporation, Bradley Board of Directors, Connecticut Transportation Strategy Board, The University of Connecticut Health Center Finance Corporation, Tweed-New Haven Airport Authority and Health Information Technology Exchange of Connecticut.

[(m)] (13) "State employee" means any employee in the executive, legislative or judicial branch of state government, whether in the classified or unclassified service and whether full or part-time, and any employee of a quasi-public agency, but shall not include a judge of any court, either elected or appointed.

- [(n)] (14) "Trust" means a trust in which any public official or state employee or member of his immediate family has a present or future interest which exceeds ten per cent of the value of the trust or exceeds fifty thousand dollars, whichever is less, but shall not include blind trusts.
- [(o)] (15) "Business organization" means a sole proprietorship, corporation, limited liability company, association, firm or partnership, other than a client lobbyist, which is owned by, or employs, one or more individual lobbyists.
 - [(p)] (16) "Client lobbyist" means a [person] lobbyist on behalf of whom lobbying takes place and who makes expenditures for lobbying and in furtherance of lobbying.
- [(q)] (17) "Necessary expenses" means a public official's or state employee's expenses for an article, appearance or speech or for participation at an event, in his official capacity, which shall be limited to necessary travel expenses, lodging for the nights before, of and after the appearance, speech or event, meals and any related conference or seminar registration fees.
- [(r)] (18) "Lobbyist" and "registrant" shall be construed as defined in section 1-91, as amended by this act.
 - [(s)] (19) "Legal defense fund" means a fund established for the payment of legal expenses of a public official or state employee incurred as a result of defending himself or herself in an administrative, civil, criminal or constitutional proceeding concerning matters related to the official's or employee's service or employment with the state or a quasi-public agency.
 - [(t)] (20) "State agency" means any office, department, board, council, commission, institution, constituent unit of the state system of higher education, vocational-technical school or other agency in the executive, legislative or judicial branch of state government.

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Sec. 2. Section 1-80 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):

(a) There shall be an Office of State Ethics that shall be an independent state agency and shall constitute a successor agency to the State Ethics Commission, in accordance with the provisions of sections 4-38d and 4-39. Said office shall consist of an executive director, general counsel, ethics enforcement officer and such other staff as hired by the executive director. Within the Office of State Ethics, there shall be the Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board that shall consist of nine members, appointed as follows: One member shall be appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, one member by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one member by the majority leader of the Senate, one member by the minority leader of the Senate, one member by the majority leader of the House of Representatives, one member by the minority leader of the House of Representatives, and three members by the Governor. Members of the board shall serve for fouryear terms which shall commence on October 1, 2005, except that members first appointed shall have the following terms: The Governor shall appoint two members for a term of three years and one member for a term of four years; the majority leader of the House of Representatives, minority leader of the House of Representatives and the speaker of the House of Representatives shall each appoint one member for a term of two years; the president pro tempore of the Senate, the majority leader of the Senate and the minority leader of the Senate shall each appoint one member for a term of four years. No individual shall be appointed to more than one four-year term as a member of the board, provided, members may not continue in office once their term has expired and members first appointed may not be reappointed. No more than five members shall be members of the same political party. The members appointed by the majority leader of the Senate and the majority leader of the House of Representatives shall be selected from a list of nominees proposed by a citizen group having an interest in ethical government. The majority leader of the Senate and the majority leader of the House of Representatives shall

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- each determine the citizen group from which each will accept such nominations. One member appointed by the Governor shall be selected from a list of nominees proposed by a citizen group having an interest in ethical government. The Governor shall determine the citizen group from which the Governor will accept such nominations.
 - (b) All members shall be electors of the state. No member shall be a state employee. No member or employee of [such] <u>said</u> board shall (1) hold or campaign for any public office; (2) have held public office or have been a candidate for public office for a three-year period prior to appointment; (3) hold office in any political party or political committee or be a member of any organization or association organized primarily for the purpose of influencing legislation or decisions of public agencies; or (4) be an individual who is a registrant, as defined in [subsection (q) of] section 1-91, as amended by this act.
 - (c) Any vacancy on the board shall be filled by the appointing authority having the power to make the original appointment. An individual selected by the appointing authority to fill a vacancy shall be eligible for appointment to one full four-year term thereafter. Any vacancy occurring on the board shall be filled within thirty days.
 - (d) The board shall elect a chairperson who shall, except as provided in subsection (b) of section 1-82 and subsection (b) of section 1-93, preside at meetings of the board and a vice-chairperson to preside in the absence of the chairperson. Six members of the board shall constitute a quorum. Except as provided in subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 1-81, as amended by this act, subsections (a) and (b) of section 1-82, subsection (b) of section 1-88, [subdivision (5)] subsection (e) of section 1-93 and subsection (b) of section 1-99, a majority vote of the members shall be required for action of the board. The chairperson or any three members may call a meeting.
 - (e) Any matter before the board, except hearings held pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b) of section 1-82 or subsection (b) of

- section 1-93, may be assigned by the board to two of its members to conduct an investigation or hearing, as the case may be, to ascertain the facts and report thereon to the board with a recommendation for action.
 - (f) Members of the board shall be compensated at the rate of two hundred dollars per day for each day they attend a meeting or hearing and shall receive reimbursement for their necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their official duties.
- (g) The board shall not be construed to be a board or commission within the meaning of section 4-9a.
 - (h) The members and employees of the Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board and the Office of State Ethics shall adhere to the following code of ethics under which the members and employees shall: (1) Observe high standards of conduct so that the integrity and independence of the Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board and the Office of State Ethics may be preserved; (2) respect and comply with the law and conduct themselves at all times in a manner which promotes public confidence in the integrity and impartiality of the board and the Office of State Ethics; (3) be faithful to the law and maintain professional competence in the law; (4) be unswayed by partisan interests, public clamor or fear of criticism; (5) maintain order and decorum in proceedings of the board and Office of State Ethics; (6) be patient, dignified and courteous to all persons who appear in board or Office of State Ethics proceedings and with other persons with whom the members and employees deal in their official capacities; (7) refrain from making any statement outside of a board or Office of State Ethics proceeding, which would have a likelihood of prejudicing a board or Office of State Ethics proceeding; (8) refrain from making any statement outside of a board or Office of State Ethics proceeding that a reasonable person would expect to be disseminated by means of public communication if the member or employee should know that such statement would have a likelihood of materially prejudicing or embarrassing a complainant or a respondent; (9) preserve confidences of complainants

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- and respondents; (10) exercise independent professional judgment on behalf of the board and Office of State Ethics; and (11) represent the board and Office of State Ethics competently.
 - (i) No member or employee of the board or Office of State Ethics may make a contribution, as defined in section 9-601a, to any person subject to the provisions of this part.
 - (j) Members of the board shall recuse themselves from participating in any proceeding or matter undertaken pursuant to this chapter that involves the person who appointed such member to the board.
 - (k) No member of the board may represent any business or person, other than himself or herself, before the board for a period of one year following the end of such member's service on the board. No business or person that appears before the board shall employ or otherwise engage the services of a former member of the board for a period of one year following the end of such former member's service on the board.
- (l) No member of the board may hold any other position in state employment for a period of one year following the end of such member's service on the board, including, but not limited to, service as a member on a state board or commission, service as a judge of the Superior Court or service as a state agency commissioner.
- (m) Upon request of any aggrieved party, the board shall delay the effect of any decision rendered by the board for a period not to exceed more than seven days following the rendering of such decision.
- Sec. 3. Section 1-81 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- 330 (a) The board and general counsel and staff of the Office of State 331 Ethics shall:
- 332 (1) Compile and maintain an index of all reports, advisory opinions, 333 informal staff letters, memoranda issued in accordance with subsection

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- 334 (b) of section 1-82 and statements filed by and with the Office of State 335 Ethics to facilitate public access to such reports and advisory opinions, 336 informal staff letters, memoranda statements as provided by this part;
- 337 (2) Preserve advisory opinions and informal staff letters, 338 permanently; preserve memoranda issued in accordance with 339 subsection (b) of section 1-82 and statements and reports filed by and 340 with the board for a period of five years from the date of receipt;
 - (3) Upon the concurring vote of a majority of the board present and voting, issue advisory opinions with regard to the requirements of this part or part IV of this chapter, upon the request of any person subject to the provisions of this part or part IV of this chapter, and publish such advisory opinions in the Connecticut Law Journal. Advisory opinions rendered by the board, until amended or revoked, shall be binding on the board and shall be deemed to be final decisions of the board for purposes of appeal to the superior court, in accordance with the provisions of section 4-175 or 4-183. Any advisory opinion concerning the person who requested the opinion and who acted in reliance thereon, in good faith, shall be binding upon the board, and it shall be an absolute defense in any criminal action brought under the provisions of this part or part IV of this chapter, that the accused acted in reliance upon such advisory opinion;
- 355 (4) Respond to inquiries and provide advice regarding the code of 356 ethics either verbally or through informal letters;
- (5) Provide yearly training to all state employees regarding the code of ethics;
- 360 (6) Make legislative recommendations to the General Assembly and 360 report annually, [prior to April] <u>not later than February</u> fifteenth, to the 361 Governor summarizing the activities of the [commission;] <u>Office of</u> 362 State Ethics; and
- 363 (7) Meet not less than once per month with the office's executive director and ethics enforcement officer. [; and]

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[(8)] (b) The [commission] Office of State Ethics may enter into such contractual agreements as may be necessary for the discharge of its duties, within the limits of its appropriated funds and in accordance with established procedures.

[(b)] (c) The Office of State Ethics shall employ an executive director, general counsel and ethics enforcement officer, each of whom shall be exempt from classified state service. The salary for the executive director, general counsel and the ethics enforcement officer shall be determined by the Commissioner of Administrative Services in accordance with accepted personnel practices. No one person may serve in more than one of the positions described in this subsection. The Office of State Ethics may employ necessary staff within available appropriations. Such necessary staff of the Office of State Ethics shall be in classified state service.

[(c)] (d) The executive director, described in subsection (b) of this section, shall be appointed by the Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board for an open-ended term. Such appointment shall not be made until all the initial board members appointed to terms commencing on October 1, 2005, are appointed by their respective appointing authorities, pursuant to subsection (a) of section 1-80, as amended by this act. The board shall annually evaluate the performance of the executive director, in writing, and may remove the executive director, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 67.

[(d)] (e) The general counsel and ethics enforcement officer described in subsection [(b)] (c) of this section, and other staff of the Office of State Ethics shall be appointed by the executive director of the Office of State Ethics. The executive director shall annually evaluate the performance of the general counsel, ethics enforcement officer and such other staff, in writing, and may remove the general counsel or ethics enforcement officer, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 67, or such other staff, in accordance with any applicable collective bargaining agreement.

[(e)] (f) There shall be a legal division within the Office of State Ethics. The legal division shall provide the board with legal advice on matters before said board and shall represent the board in all matters in which the board is a party, without the assistance of the Attorney General unless the board requests such assistance. The legal division shall, under the direction of the general counsel, provide information and written and verbal opinions to persons subject to the code and to the general public. The general counsel, described in subsection [(b)] (c) of this section, shall supervise such division. The investigation or instigation of a complaint may not occur solely because of information received by the legal division.

[(f)] (g) There shall be an enforcement division within the Office of State Ethics. The enforcement division shall be responsible for investigating complaints brought to or by the board. The ethics enforcement officer, described in subsection [(b)] (c) of this section, shall supervise the enforcement division. The enforcement division shall employ such attorneys and investigators, as necessary, within available appropriations, and may refer matters to the office of the Chief State's Attorney, as appropriate.

[(g)] (h) The Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board shall adopt regulations in accordance with chapter 54 to carry out the purposes of this part. Such regulations shall not be deemed to govern the conduct of any judge trial referee in the performance of such judge trial referee's duties pursuant to this chapter.

[(h)] (i) In consultation with the executive director of the Office of State Ethics, the general counsel shall oversee yearly training of all state personnel in the code of ethics, provide training on the code of ethics to other individuals or entities subject to the code and shall make recommendations as to public education regarding ethics.

Sec. 4. Subsection (e) of section 1-82 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- 429 (e) No person shall take or threaten to take official action against an 430 individual for such individual's disclosure of information to the board 431 or the general counsel, ethics enforcement officer or staff of the Office 432 of State Ethics under the provisions of this part or section 1-101nn. 433 After receipt of information from an individual under the provisions of 434 this part or section 1-101nn, the Office of State Ethics shall not disclose 435 the identity of such individual without such individual's consent 436 unless the Office of State Ethics determines that such disclosure is 437 unavoidable during the course of an investigation. No person shall be 438 subject to civil liability for any good faith disclosure that such person 439 makes to the [commission] Office of State Ethics.
- Sec. 5. Subsection (a) of section 1-83 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 442 October 1, 2011):
- 443 (a) (1) All state-wide elected officers, members of the General 444 Assembly, department heads and their deputies, members of the 445 Gaming Policy Board, the executive director of the Division of Special 446 Revenue within the Department of Revenue Services, members or 447 directors of each quasi-public agency, members of the Investment 448 Advisory Council, state marshals and such members of the Executive 449 Department and such employees of quasi-public agencies as the 450 Governor shall require, shall file, under penalty of false statement, a 451 statement of financial interests for the preceding calendar year with the 452 Office of State Ethics on or before [the] May first next in any year in 453 which they hold such [a] an office or position. Any such individual 454 who leaves his or her office or position shall file a statement of 455 financial interests covering that portion of the year during which such 456 individual held his or her office or position. The Office of State Ethics 457 shall notify such individuals of the requirements of this subsection not later than thirty days after their departure from such office or position. 458 459 Such individuals shall file such statement [within] not later than sixty 460 days after receipt of the notification.
 - (2) Each state agency, department, board and commission shall

- develop and implement, in cooperation with the Office of State Ethics,
- 463 an ethics statement as it relates to the mission of the agency,
- department, board or commission. The executive head of each such
- agency, department, board or commission shall be directly responsible
- 466 for the development and enforcement of such ethics statement and
- shall file a copy of such ethics statement with the Department of
- 468 Administrative Services and the Office of State Ethics.
- Sec. 6. Subsection (j) of section 1-84 of the general statutes is
- 470 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 471 *October 1, 2011*):
- 472 (j) No public official, state employee or candidate for public office,
- or a member of any such person's staff or immediate family shall
- knowingly accept any gift, as defined in [subsection (e) of] subdivision
- 475 (5) of section 1-79, as amended by this act, from a person known to be a
- 476 registrant or anyone known to be acting on behalf of a registrant.
- Sec. 7. Subsection (m) of section 1-84 of the general statutes is
- 478 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 479 *October* 1, 2011):
- 480 (m) No public official or state employee shall knowingly accept,
- 481 directly or indirectly, any gift, as defined in [subsection (e)]
- 482 subdivision (5) of section 1-79, as amended by this act, from any
- 483 person the public official or state employee knows or has reason to
- 484 know: (1) Is doing business with or seeking to do business with the
- department or agency in which the public official or state employee is
- 486 employed; (2) is engaged in activities which are directly regulated by
- such department or agency; or (3) is prequalified under section 4a-100.
- 488 No person shall knowingly give, directly or indirectly, any gift or gifts
- in violation of this provision. For the purposes of this subsection, the
- 490 exclusion to the term "gift" in [subdivision (12) of subsection (e)]
- subparagraph (L) of subdivision (5) of section 1-79, as amended by this
- act, for a gift for the celebration of a major life event shall not apply.
- 493 Any person prohibited from making a gift under this subsection shall

- report to the Office of State Ethics any solicitation of a gift from such person by a state employee or public official.
- Sec. 8. Section 1-84c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):

Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the donation of goods or services, as described in [subdivision (5) of subsection (e)] subparagraph (E) of subdivision (5) of section 1-79, as amended by this act, to a state agency or quasi-public agency, the donation of the use of facilities to facilitate state agency or quasi-public agency action or functions or the donation of real property to a state agency or quasi-public agency. As used in this section, "state agency" and "quasi-public agency" have the same meanings as provided in section 1-79, as amended by this act.

Sec. 9. Section 1-85 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):

A public official, including an elected state official, or state employee has an interest which is in substantial conflict with the proper discharge of his duties or employment in the public interest and of his responsibilities as prescribed in the laws of this state, if he has reason to believe or expect that he, his spouse, a dependent child, his employer other than the state or a business with which he is associated will derive a direct monetary gain or suffer a direct monetary loss, as the case may be, by reason of his official activity. A public official, including an elected state official, or state employee does not have an interest which is in substantial conflict with the proper discharge of his duties in the public interest and of his responsibilities as prescribed by the laws of this state, if any benefit or detriment accrues to him, his spouse, a dependent child, his employer other than the state or a business with which he, his spouse or such dependent child is associated as a member of a profession, occupation or group to no greater extent than any other member of such profession, occupation or group. A public official, including an elected

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526 state official or state employee who has a substantial conflict may not 527 take official action on the matter, except if the conflict concerns a direct 528 monetary gain or direct monetary loss for the other employer of an 529 elected state official, such official shall either excuse himself or prepare 530 a written statement signed under penalty of false statement describing 531 the matter requiring action and the nature of the potential conflict and 532 explaining why, despite the potential conflict, such official is able to 533 vote and otherwise participate fairly, objectively and in the public 534 interest. Such official shall deliver a copy of such statement to the 535 Office of State Ethics and enter a copy of the statement in the journal or 536 minutes of the agency.

- Sec. 10. Subsection (a) of section 1-86 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- (a) Any public official or state employee, other than an elected state official, who, in the discharge of such official's or employee's official duties, would be required to take an action that would affect a financial interest of such official or employee, such official's or employee's spouse, parent, brother, sister, child or the spouse of a child, employer other than the state or a business with which such official or employee is associated, other than an interest of a de minimis nature, an interest that is not distinct from that of a substantial segment of the general public or an interest in substantial conflict with the performance of official duties, as defined in section 1-85, as amended by this act, has a potential conflict of interest. Under such circumstances, such official or employee shall, if such official or employee is a member of a state regulatory agency, either excuse himself or herself from the matter or prepare a written statement signed under penalty of false statement describing the matter requiring action and the nature of the potential conflict and explaining why despite the potential conflict, such official or employee is able to vote and otherwise participate fairly, objectively and in the public interest. Such public official or state employee shall deliver a copy of the statement to the Office of State Ethics and enter a copy of the

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560 statement in the journal or minutes of the agency. If such official or 561 employee is not a member of a state regulatory agency, such official or 562 employee shall, in the case of either a substantial or potential conflict, 563 prepare a written statement signed under penalty of false statement 564 describing the matter requiring action and the nature of the conflict 565 and deliver a copy of the statement to such official's or employee's 566 immediate superior, if any, who shall assign the matter to another 567 employee, or if such official or employee has no immediate superior, 568 such official or employee shall take such steps as the Office of State 569 Ethics shall prescribe or advise.

- Sec. 11. Subsection (d) of section 1-88 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- 573 (d) Any person who knowingly acts in such person's financial 574 interest in violation of section 1-84, as amended by this act, 1-85, as 575 amended by this act, 1-86, as amended by this act, [or] 1-86d, 1-86e or 576 1-101nn, or any person who knowingly receives a financial advantage 577 resulting from a violation of any of said sections shall be liable for 578 damages in the amount of such advantage. If the board determines 579 that any person may be so liable, it shall immediately inform the 580 Attorney General of that possibility.
- Sec. 12. Section 1-91 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- 583 When used in this part, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - [(a)] (1) "Administrative action" means any action or nonaction of any executive agency of the state with respect to the proposal, drafting, development, consideration, amendment, adoption or repeal of any rule, regulation or utility rate, and any action or nonaction of any executive agency or quasi-public agency, as defined in section 1-79, as amended by this act, regarding a contract, grant, award, purchasing agreement, loan, bond, certificate, license, permit or any other matter which is within the official jurisdiction or cognizance of such an

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- [(b)] (2) "Candidate for public office" means any person who has filed a declaration of candidacy or a petition to appear on the ballot for election as a public official, or who has raised or expended money in furtherance of such candidacy, or who has been nominated for appointment to serve as a public official; but shall not include a candidate for the office of senator or representative in Congress.
- [(c)] (3) "Board" means the Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board established under section 1-80, as amended by this act.
- [(d)] (4) "Compensation" means any value received or to be received by a person acting as a lobbyist, whether in the form of a fee, salary or forbearance.
 - [(e)] (5) "Executive agency" means a commission, board, agency, or other body or official in the executive branch of the state government and any independent body of the state government that is not a part of the legislative or judicial branch.
 - [(f)] (6) "Expenditure" means any advance, conveyance, deposit, distribution, transfer of funds, loan, payment, unless expressly excluded; any payments for telephone, mailing, postage, printing and other clerical or office services and materials; any paid communications, costing fifty dollars or more in any calendar year, disseminated by means of any printing, broadcasting or other medium, provided such communications refer to administrative or legislative action; any contract, agreement, promise or other obligation; any solicitation or solicitations, costing fifty dollars or more in the aggregate for any calendar year, of other persons to communicate with a public official or state employee for the purpose of influencing any legislative or administrative act and any pledge, subscription of money or anything of value. "Expenditure" [shall] does not include the payment of a registrant's fee pursuant to section 1-95, any expenditure made by any club, committee, partnership, organization, business, union, association or corporation for the

- 624 purpose of publishing a newsletter or other release to its members,
- shareholders or employees, or contributions, membership dues or
- other fees paid to associations, nonstock corporations or tax-exempt
- organizations under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 628 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the
- 629 United States, as from time to time amended.
- [(g)] (7) "Gift" means anything of value, which is directly and
- 631 personally received, unless consideration of equal or greater value is
- 632 given in return. "Gift" [shall] does not include:
- [(1)] (A) A political contribution otherwise reported as required by
- law or a donation or payment described in subdivision (9) or (10) of
- 635 subsection (b) of section 9-601a;
- [(2)] (B) Services provided by persons volunteering their time, if
- provided to aid or promote the success or defeat of any political party,
- 638 any candidate or candidates for public office or the position of
- 639 convention delegate or town committee member or any referendum
- 640 question;
- [(3)] (C) A commercially reasonable loan made on terms not more
- 642 favorable than loans made in the ordinary course of business;
- [(4)] (D) A gift received from [(A)] (i) the individual's spouse, fiance
- or fiancee, [(B)] (ii) the parent, brother or sister of such spouse or such
- individual, or [(C)] (iii) the child of such individual or the spouse of
- 646 such child;
- [(5)] (E) Goods or services [(A)] (i) which are provided to a state
- agency or quasi-public agency [(i)] (I) for use on state or quasi-public
- agency property, or [(ii)] (II) that support an event, and [(B)] (ii) which
- 650 facilitate state or quasi-public agency action or functions. As used in
- 651 this subdivision, "state property" means [(i)] property owned by the
- state or a quasi-public agency, or [(ii)] property leased to a state or
- 653 quasi-public agency;

- [(6)] (F) A certificate, plaque or other ceremonial award costing less than one hundred dollars;
- [(7)] (G) A rebate, discount or promotional item available to the general public;
- [(8)] (H) Printed or recorded informational material germane to state action or functions;
- [(9)] (I) Food or beverage or both, costing less than fifty dollars in the aggregate per recipient in a calendar year, and consumed on an occasion or occasions at which the person paying, directly or indirectly, for the food or beverage, or his representative, is in attendance;
 - [(10)] (I) Food or beverage or both, costing less than fifty dollars per person and consumed at a publicly noticed legislative reception to which all members of the General Assembly are invited and which is hosted not more than once in any calendar year by a lobbyist or business organization. For the purposes of such limit, [(A)] (i) a reception hosted by a lobbyist who is an individual shall be deemed to have also been hosted by the business organization which he owns or is employed by, and [(B)] (ii) a reception hosted by a business organization shall be deemed to have also been hosted by all owners and employees of the business organization who are lobbyists. In making the calculation for the purposes of such fifty-dollar limit, the donor shall divide the amount spent on food and beverage by the number of persons whom the donor reasonably expects to attend the reception;
 - [(11)] (K) Food or beverage or both, costing less than fifty dollars per person and consumed at a publicly noticed reception to which all members of the General Assembly from a region of the state are invited and which is hosted not more than once in any calendar year by a lobbyist or business organization. For the purposes of such limit, [(A)] (i) a reception hosted by a lobbyist who is an individual shall be deemed to have also been hosted by the business organization which

- 686 he owns or is employed by, and [(B)] (ii) a reception hosted by a 687 business organization shall be deemed to have also been hosted by all 688 owners and employees of the business organization who are lobbyists. 689 In making the calculation for the purposes of such fifty-dollar limit, the 690 donor shall divide the amount spent on food and beverage by the 691 number of persons whom the donor reasonably expects to attend the 692 reception. As used in this [subdivision] subparagraph, "region of the 693 state" means the established geographic service area of the 694 organization hosting the reception;
- [(12)] (L) A gift, including, but not limited to, food or beverage or both, provided by an individual for the celebration of a major life event, provided any such gift provided by an individual who is not a member of the family of the recipient shall not exceed one thousand dollars in value;
- [(13)] (M) Gifts costing less than one hundred dollars in the aggregate or food or beverage provided at a hospitality suite at a meeting or conference of an interstate legislative association, by a person who is not a registrant or is not doing business with the state of Connecticut;
 - [(14)] (N) Admission to a charitable or civic event, including food and beverage provided at such event, but excluding lodging or travel expenses, at which a public official or state employee participates in his <u>or her</u> official capacity, provided such admission is provided by the primary sponsoring entity;
 - [(15)] (O) Anything of value provided by an employer of [(A)] (i) a public official, [(B)] (ii) a state employee, or [(C)] (iii) a spouse of a public official or state employee, to such official, employee or spouse, provided such benefits are customarily and ordinarily provided to others in similar circumstances;
 - [(16)] (P) Anything having a value of not more than ten dollars, provided the aggregate value of all things provided by a donor to a recipient under this subdivision in any calendar year shall not exceed

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- 718 fifty dollars; or
- 719 [(17)] (Q) Training that is provided by a vendor for a product 720 purchased by a state or quasi-public agency which is offered to all
- 721 customers of such vendor.
- [(h)] (8) "Immediate family" means any spouse, dependent children or dependent relatives who reside in the individual's household.
- 724 [(i)] (9) "Individual" means a natural person.
- [(j)] (10) "Legislative action" means introduction, sponsorship, consideration, debate, amendment, passage, defeat, approval, veto, overriding of a veto or any other official action or nonaction with regard to any bill, resolution, amendment, nomination, appointment, report, or any other matter pending or proposed in a committee or in either house of the legislature, or any matter which is within the official jurisdiction or cognizance of the legislature.
 - [(k)] (11) "Lobbying" means communicating directly or soliciting others to communicate with any official or his staff in the legislative or executive branch of government or in a quasi-public agency, for the purpose of influencing any legislative or administrative action except that the term "lobbying" does not include [(1)] (A) communications by or on behalf of a party to, or an intervenor in, a contested case, as described in regulations adopted by the commission in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, before an executive agency or a quasi-public agency, as defined in section 1-79, as amended by this act, [(2)] (B) communications by a representative of a vendor or by an employee of the registered client lobbyist which representative or employee acts as a salesperson and does not otherwise engage in lobbying regarding any administrative action, [(3)](C) communications by an attorney made while engaging in the practice of law and regarding any matter other than legislative action as defined in [subsection (j)] <u>subdivision (10)</u> of this section or the proposal, drafting, development, consideration, amendment, adoption or repeal of any rule or regulation, or [(4)] (D) other communications exempted

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- by regulations adopted by the commission in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.
- [(l)] (12) "Lobbyist" means a person who in lobbying and in furtherance of lobbying makes or agrees to make expenditures, or receives or agrees to receive compensation, reimbursement, or both, and such compensation, reimbursement or expenditures are two thousand dollars or more in any calendar year or the combined amount thereof is two thousand dollars or more in any such calendar year. Lobbyist shall not include:
- [(1)] (A) A public official, employee of a branch of state government or a subdivision thereof, or elected or appointed official of a municipality or his designee other than an independent contractor, who is acting within the scope of his authority or employment;
- [(2)] (B) A publisher, owner or an employee of the press, radio or television while disseminating news or editorial comment to the general public in the ordinary course of business;
- [(3)] (C) An individual representing himself or another person before the legislature or a state agency other than for the purpose of influencing legislative or administrative action;
 - [(4)] (D) Any individual or employee who receives no compensation or reimbursement specifically for lobbying and who limits his activities solely to formal appearances to give testimony before public sessions of committees of the General Assembly or public hearings of state agencies and who, if he testifies, registers his appearance in the records of such committees or agencies;
- [(5)] (E) A member of an advisory board acting within the scope of his appointment;
- [(6)] (F) A senator or representative in Congress acting within the scope of his office;
- 779 [(7)] (G) Any person who receives no compensation or

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reimbursement specifically for lobbying and who spends no more than five hours in furtherance of lobbying unless such person [(A)] (i) exclusive of salary, receives compensation or makes expenditures, or both, of two thousand dollars or more in any calendar year for lobbying or the combined amount thereof is two thousand dollars or more in any such calendar year, or [(B)] (ii) expends fifty dollars or more for the benefit of a public official in the legislative or executive branch, a member of his staff or immediate family;

- [(8)] (H) A communicator lobbyist who receives or agrees to receive compensation, reimbursement, or both, the aggregate amount of which is less than two thousand dollars from each client in any calendar year.
- [(m)] (13) "Member of an advisory board" means any person appointed by a public official as an advisor or consultant or member of a committee, commission or council established to advise, recommend or consult with a public official or branch of government or committee thereof and who receives no public funds other than per diem payments or reimbursement for his actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his official duties and who has no authority to expend any public funds or to exercise the power of the state.
- [(n)] (14) "Person" means an individual, a business, corporation, limited liability company, union, association, firm, partnership, committee, club or other organization or group of persons.
- [(o)] (15) "Political contribution" has the same meaning as in section 9-601a except that for purposes of this part, the provisions of subsection (b) of [that] section 9-601a shall not apply.
- [(p)] (16) "Public official" means any state-wide elected state officer, any member or member-elect of the General Assembly, any person appointed to any office of the legislative, judicial or executive branch of state government by the Governor, with or without the advice and consent of the General Assembly, the spouse of the Governor and any person appointed or elected by the General Assembly or any member

- of either house thereof; but shall not include a member of an advisory
- board or a senator or representative in Congress.
- [(q)] (17) "Registrant" means a person who is required to register
- pursuant to section 1-94, as amended by this act.
- 816 [(r)] (18) "Reimbursement" means any money or thing of value
- 817 received or to be received in the form of payment for expenses as a
- 818 lobbyist, not including compensation.
- [(s)] (19) "State employee" means any employee in the executive,
- 820 judicial or legislative branch of state government, whether in the
- 821 classified or unclassified service and whether full or part-time.
- [(t)] (20) "Business organization" means a sole proprietorship,
- 823 corporation, limited liability company, association, firm or partnership,
- 824 other than a client lobbyist, which is owned by, or employs one or
- 825 more individual lobbyists.
- [(u)] (21) "Client lobbyist" means a lobbyist on behalf of whom
- 827 lobbying takes place and who makes expenditures for lobbying and in
- 828 furtherance of lobbying.
- 829 [(v)] (22) "Communicator lobbyist" means a lobbyist who
- 830 communicates directly or solicits others to communicate with an
- official or his staff in the legislative or executive branch of government
- or in a quasi-public agency for the purpose of influencing legislative or
- 833 administrative action.
- [(w)] (23) "State agency" means any office, department, board,
- council, commission, institution, constituent unit of the state system of
- 836 higher education, vocational-technical school or other agency in the
- 837 executive, legislative or judicial branch of state government.
- 838 [(x)] (24) "Quasi-public agency" means quasi-public agency, as
- defined in section 1-79, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 13. Subsection (a) of section 1-92 of the general statutes is

- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- 843 (a) The Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board shall adopt regulations, in 844 accordance with chapter 54, to carry out the purposes of this part. Such 845 regulations shall not be deemed to govern the conduct of any judge 846 trial referee in the performance of such judge trial referee's duties 847 pursuant to this chapter. Not later than January 1, 1992, the board shall 848 adopt regulations which further clarify the meaning of the terms 849 "directly and personally received" and "major life event", as used in 850 [subsection (e)] subdivision (5) of section 1-79, as amended by this act, 851 and [subsection (g)] subdivision (7) of section 1-91, as amended by this 852 act.
- Sec. 14. Subsection (e) of section 1-92 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 855 October 1, 2011):
 - (e) Upon the concurring vote of a majority of its members present and voting, the board shall issue advisory opinions with regard to the requirements of this part or part III of this chapter, upon the request of any person, subject to the provisions of this part or part III of this chapter, and publish such advisory opinions in the Connecticut Law Journal. Advisory opinions rendered by the board, until amended or revoked, shall be binding on the board and shall be deemed to be final decisions of the board for purposes of appeal to the superior court, in accordance with the provisions of section 4-175 or 4-183. Any advisory opinion concerning any person subject to the provisions of this part who requested the opinion and who acted in reliance thereon, in good faith, shall be binding upon the board, and it shall be an absolute defense in any criminal action brought under the provisions of this part or part III of this chapter that the accused acted in reliance upon such advisory opinion.
- Sec. 15. Section 1-94 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2011*):

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- 873 (a) A lobbyist shall register with the Office of State Ethics pursuant to this part if it or he:
- (1) Receives or agrees to receive compensation or reimbursement for actual expenses, or both, in a combined amount of two thousand dollars or more in a calendar year for lobbying, whether that receipt of compensation or reimbursement or agreement to receive such compensation or reimbursement is solely for lobbying or the lobbying is [incidental to that] within the scope of such person's [regular] employment; or
- 882 (2) Makes or incurs an obligation to make expenditures of two 883 thousand dollars or more in a calendar year for lobbying.
 - (b) Any person who lobbies within the scope of such person's employment shall maintain a record of his or her time and expenditures in furtherance of lobbying for the purpose of reporting and potential registration with the Office of State Ethics.
- Sec. 16. Section 1-96 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
 - (a) Each client lobbyist registrant shall file with the Office of State Ethics between the first and tenth day of April, July and January a financial report, signed under penalty of false statement. The April and July reports shall cover its lobbying activities during the previous calendar quarter and the January report shall cover its lobbying activities during the previous two calendar quarters. In addition to such reports, each client lobbyist registrant which attempts to influence legislative action shall file, under penalty of false statement, interim monthly reports of its lobbying activities for each month the General Assembly is in regular session, except that no monthly report shall be required for any month in which it neither expends nor agrees to expend one hundred dollars or more in furtherance of lobbying. Such interim monthly reports shall be filed with the Office of State Ethics no later than the tenth day of the month following the last day of the month reported. If the client lobbyist registrant is not an

individual, an authorized officer or agent of the client lobbyist registrant shall sign the form. A communicator lobbyist for a municipality or any subdivision of a municipality, a branch of state government or any subdivision of state government or a quasi-public agency shall file the reports described in this subsection utilizing the client lobbyist reporting schedule.

- (b) Each individual communicator lobbyist registrant and each business organization communicator lobbyist registrant shall file annually with the Office of State Ethics between the first and tenth day of January a report or reports, signed under penalty of false statement, reporting the amounts of compensation and reimbursement received from each of his clients during the previous year. In addition, each individual communicator lobbyist registrant and each business organization communicator lobbyist registrant shall: (1) Report the fundamental terms of contracts, agreements or promises to pay or receive compensation or reimbursement or to make expenditures in furtherance of lobbying, including the categories of work to be performed and the dollar value or compensation rate of the contract, at the time of registration; (2) report, in accordance with the schedule set forth in subsection (a) of this section, any amendments to these fundamental terms, including any agreements to subcontract lobbying work; and (3) report, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, any expenditures for the benefit of a public official in the legislative or executive branch or a member of the staff or immediate family of such official which are unreimbursed and required to be itemized. Such report shall not include the disclosure of food and beverage provided by a communicator lobbyist registrant to a public official in the legislative or executive branch, or a member of [his] the staff or immediate family of such official at a major life event, as defined by the Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board, of the registrant. All such information shall be reported under penalty of false statement.
- (c) An individual communicator lobbyist registrant shall file a separate report for each person from whom he received compensation or reimbursement. Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection to

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- the contrary, a business organization to which one or more individual communicator lobbyist registrants belong may file a single report for each client lobbyist in lieu of any separate reports that individual registrants are required to file pursuant to this subsection.
- (d) Each registrant who files a notice of termination under subsection (c) of section 1-95 shall file with the Office of State Ethics a financial report, under penalty of false statement, between the first and tenth day of January of the year following termination.
- (e) Each client lobbyist registrant financial report shall be on a form prescribed by the board and shall state expenditures made and the fundamental terms of contracts, agreements or promises to pay compensation or reimbursement or to make expenditures in furtherance of lobbying. Any such fundamental terms shall be reported once in the monthly, quarterly or post-termination report next following the entering into of such contract. Such financial report shall include an itemized statement of each expenditure of ten dollars or more per person for each occasion made by the reporting registrant or a group of registrants which includes the reporting registrant for the benefit of a public official in the legislative or executive branch, a member of [his] the staff or immediate family of such official, itemized by date, beneficiary, amount and circumstances of the transaction. The requirement of an itemized statement shall not apply to an expenditure made by a reporting registrant or a group of registrants which includes the reporting registrant for (1) the benefit of the members of the General Assembly at an event that is a reception to which all such members are invited or all members of a region of the state, as such term is used in [subdivision (11) of subsection (g)] subdivision (7) of section 1-91, as amended by this act, are invited, unless the expenditure is thirty dollars or more per person, or (2) benefits personally and directly received by a public official or state employee at a charitable or civic event at which the public official or state employee participates in his or her official capacity, unless the expenditure is thirty dollars or more per person, per event. If the compensation is required to be reported for an individual whose

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- lobbying is [incidental to his regular] within the scope of such person's employment, it shall be sufficient to report a prorated amount based on the value of the time devoted to lobbying. On the first financial report following registration each client lobbyist registrant shall include any expenditures incident to lobbying activities which were received or expended prior to registration and not previously reported to the Office of State Ethics.
 - (f) The Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board shall, by regulations adopted in accordance with chapter 54, establish minimum amounts for each item required to be reported, below which reporting may be made in the aggregate. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to expenditures made for the benefit of a public official or a member of such person's staff or immediate family.
 - (g) Each former registrant shall (1) report receipts or expenditures incident to lobbying activities during his period of registration which are received or expended following termination of registration, and (2) report each expenditure of ten dollars or more per person for each occasion made by him for the benefit of a public official or a member of [such official's] the immediate family or staff [which] of such official that occurs within six months after termination of registration.
 - (h) The Office of State Ethics shall, [within] <u>not later than</u> thirty days after receipt of a financial report [which] <u>that</u> contains the name of a public official in the legislative or executive branch or a member of [such official's] <u>the</u> staff or immediate family <u>of such official</u>, send a written notice to such public official, of the filing of the report and the name of the person who filed it.
 - Sec. 17. Section 1-96d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
 - Each registrant or business organization that hosts a legislative reception to which all members are invited, or all members of a region in the state, as such term is used in <u>subparagraph (K) of</u> subdivision [(11) of subsection (g)] (7) of section 1-91, <u>as amended by this act</u>, are

- invited, shall include in its invitation or any published notice of such reception whether the registrant or business organization reasonably expects such expenditures to be reportable pursuant to subsection (e) of section 1-96, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 18. Subsection (a) of section 1-97 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 1011 October 1, 2011):
- (a) No registrant or anyone acting on behalf of a registrant shall knowingly give a gift, as defined in [subsection (g)] <u>subdivision (7)</u> of section 1-91, <u>as amended by this act</u>, to any state employee, public official, candidate for public office or a member of any such person's staff or immediate family. Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit any activity prohibited under section 53a-147 or 53a-148.
- Sec. 19. Subsection (a) of section 1-100b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 1020 October 1, 2011):
- (a) The Office of State Ethics, upon a finding that a communicator lobbyist has violated the provisions of subsection [(i)] (h) of section 9-610, may suspend [said] such lobbyist's registration for a period of not more than the remainder of the term of such registration and may prohibit [said] such lobbyist from engaging in the profession of lobbyist for a period of not more than three years.
- Sec. 20. Subsection (c) of section 1-100b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 1030 (c) The Office of State Ethics shall make any finding under subsection (a) or (b) of this section in accordance with the same procedure set forth in section 1-93 for a finding by the [commission] board of a violation of part II of chapter 10.
- Sec. 21. Section 2-16a of the general statutes is repealed and the

- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- No state representative or state senator who is elected at the 1994 state election or any election thereafter shall engage in the profession of lobbyist, as that term is defined in [subsection (l)] <u>subdivision (12)</u> of section 1-91, <u>as amended by this act</u>, until one year after the expiration
- of the term for which such state representative or state senator was
- 1041 elected.
- Sec. 22. Subsection (b) of section 3-13l of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 1044 October 1, 2011):
- 1045 (b) For purposes of this section:
- 1046 (1) "Finder's fee" means compensation in the form of cash, cash 1047 equivalents or other things of value paid to or received by a third party 1048 in connection with an investment transaction to which the state, any 1049 political subdivision of the state or any quasi-public agency, as defined 1050 in section 1-120, is a party for any services, and includes, but is not 1051 limited to, any fee paid for lobbying, as defined in [subsection (k)] 1052 subdivision (11) of section 1-91, as amended by this act, and as defined 1053 by the Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board, in consultation with the 1054 Treasurer, in the regulations adopted under subparagraph (C)(ii) of 1055 subdivision (3) of this subsection or as prescribed by the Treasurer 1056 until such regulations are adopted.
 - (2) "Finder's fee" does not mean (A)(i) compensation earned for the rendering of investment services, as defined in subsection (f) of section 9-612, or for acting as a licensed real estate broker or real estate sales person under the provisions of section 20-312, or under a comparable statute of the jurisdiction in which the subject property is located, or (ii) marketing fees or due diligence fees earned by the payee in connection with the offer, sale or purchase of any security or investment interest, in accordance with criteria prescribed under subparagraph (C)(ii) of subdivision (3) of this subsection, (B) compensation paid to (i) persons who are investment professionals

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engaged in the ongoing business of representing investment services providers, or (ii) third parties for services connected to the issuance of debt by the state, any political subdivision of the state or any quasipublic agency, as defined in section 1-120, and (C) any compensation which is so defined by the regulations adopted under subparagraph (C)(ii) of subdivision (3) of this subsection, or any compensation which meets criteria prescribed by the Treasurer until such regulations are adopted. As used in this section, "offer" and "sale" have the meaning provided in section 36b-3.

(3) "Investment professional" means an individual or firm whose primary business is bringing together institutional funds and investment opportunities and who (A) is a broker-dealer or investment adviser agent licensed or registered (i) under the Connecticut Uniform Securities Act; (ii) in the case of an investment adviser agent, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, in accordance with the Investment Advisors' Act of 1940; or (iii) in the case of a broker-dealer, with the National Association of Securities Dealers in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or (B) is licensed under section 20-312, or under a comparable statute of the jurisdiction in which the subject property is located, or (C) (i) furnishes an investment manager with marketing services including, but not limited to, developing an overall marketing strategy focusing on more than one institutional fund, designing or publishing marketing brochures or other presentation material such as logos and brands for investment products, responding to requests for proposals, completing due diligence questionnaires, identifying a range of potential investors, or such other services as may be identified in regulations adopted under clause (ii) of this subparagraph; and (ii) meets criteria prescribed (I) by the Treasurer until regulations are adopted under this subparagraph, or (II) by the Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board, in consultation with the Treasurer, in regulations adopted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54. Prior to adopting such regulations, the Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board shall transmit the proposed regulations to the Treasurer not later than one hundred twenty days before any period

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- 1101 for public comment on such regulations commences and shall consider
- any comments or recommendations the Treasurer may have regarding
- such regulations. In developing such regulations, the Citizen's Ethics
- 1104 Advisory Board shall ensure that the state will not be competitively
- disadvantaged by such regulations relative to any legitimate financial
- 1106 market.
- 1107 Sec. 23. Section 4-250 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- 1109 As used in sections 4-250 to 4-252, as amended by this act:
- 1110 (1) "Gift" has the same meaning as provided in section 1-79, as
- amended by this act, except that the exclusion in [subdivision (12) of
- subsection (e) subparagraph (L) of subdivision (5) of [said] section 1-
- 1113 79, as amended by this act, for a gift for the celebration of a major life
- 1114 event shall not apply;
- 1115 (2) "Quasi-public agency", "public official" and "state employee"
- 1116 have the same meanings as provided in section 1-79, as amended by
- 1117 this act;
- 1118 (3) "State agency" means any office, department, board, council,
- 1119 commission, institution or other agency in the executive, legislative or
- judicial branch of state government;
- 1121 (4) "Large state contract" means an agreement or a combination or
- series of agreements between a state agency or a quasi-public agency
- and a person, firm or corporation, having a total value of more than
- 1124 five hundred thousand dollars in a calendar or fiscal year, for (A) a
- project for the construction, alteration or repair of any public building
- or public work, (B) services, including, but not limited to, consulting
- and professional services, (C) the procurement of supplies, materials or
- equipment, (D) a lease, or (E) a licensing arrangement. The term "large
- state contract" shall not include a contract between a state agency or a
- 1130 quasi-public agency and a political subdivision of the state;

- 1131 (5) "Principals and key personnel" means officers, directors, shareholders, members, partners and managerial employees; and
- 1133 (6) "Participated substantially" means participation that is direct, 1134 extensive and substantive, and not peripheral, clerical or ministerial.
- Sec. 24. Subsection (b) of section 4e-34 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
- 1137 *October 1, 2011*):
- 1138 (b) Causes for such disqualification shall include the following:
- (1) Conviction of, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or admission to, the commission of a criminal offense as an incident to obtaining or attempting to obtain a public or private contract or subcontract, or in the performance of such contract or subcontract;
- (2) Conviction of, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or admission to, the violation of any state or federal law for embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, receiving stolen property or any other offense indicating a lack of business integrity or business honesty which affects responsibility as a state contractor;
- (3) Conviction of, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or admission to, a violation of any state or federal antitrust, collusion or conspiracy law arising out of the submission of bids or proposals on a public or private contract or subcontract;
- 1153 (4) Accumulation of two or more suspensions pursuant to section 1154 4e-35 within a twenty-four-month period;
- 1155 (5) A wilful, negligent or reckless failure to perform in accordance 1156 with the terms of one or more contracts or subcontracts, agreements or 1157 transactions with state contracting agencies;
- 1158 (6) A history of failure to perform or of unsatisfactory performance 1159 on one or more public contracts, agreements or transactions with state

- 1160 contracting agencies;
- 17) (7) A wilful violation of a statutory or regulatory provision or requirement applicable to a contract, agreement or transaction with state contracting agencies;
- 1164 (8) A wilful or egregious violation of the ethical standards set forth 1165 in sections 1-84, as amended by this act, [and] 1-86e and 1-101nn, as 1166 determined by the Citizen's Ethics Advisory Board; or
- 1167 (9) Any other cause or conduct the board determines to be so 1168 serious and compelling as to affect responsibility as a state contractor, 1169 including, but not limited to:
- 1170 (A) Disqualification by another state for cause;
- 1171 (B) The fraudulent or criminal conduct of any officer, director, shareholder, partner, employee or other individual associated with a contractor, bidder or proposer of such contractor, bidder or proposer, provided such conduct occurred in connection with the individual's performance of duties for or on behalf of such contractor, bidder or proposer and such contractor, bidder or proposer knew or had reason to know of such conduct;
- 1178 (C) The existence of an informal or formal business relationship 1179 with a contractor who has been disqualified from bidding or 1180 proposing on state contracts of any state contracting agency.
- Sec. 25. Section 12-557d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- (a) There shall be a Gaming Policy Board within the Division of Special Revenue. Said board shall consist of five members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of both houses of the General Assembly. Not more than three members of said board in office at any one time shall be members of the same political party. On or before July 1, 1979, the Governor shall nominate three members who shall serve until July 1, 1981, and two members who shall serve

until July 1, 1983. The General Assembly shall confirm or reject such nominations in the manner prescribed by section 4-7 before adjournment sine die of the 1979 regular session, except that if the nominations cannot be acted on by both houses of the General Assembly during said regular session, the General Assembly shall confirm or reject the nominations at a special session which shall be called, notwithstanding sections 2-6 and 2-7, immediately following adjournment sine die of the 1979 session reconvened in accordance with article third of the amendments to the Constitution of Connecticut, except that if no session is held pursuant to said article, the General Assembly shall meet in special session, notwithstanding sections 2-6 and 2-7, not later than August 1, 1979, to confirm or reject such nominations. Any special session called pursuant to this section shall be held for the sole purpose of confirming or rejecting the initial nominations made by the Governor to the board. Thereafter members shall serve for a term of four years and the procedure prescribed by section 4-7 shall apply to such appointments, except that the Governor shall submit such nominations on or before May first, and both houses shall confirm or reject the nominations before adjournment sine die. Members shall receive fifty dollars per day for each day they are engaged in the business of the board and shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The executive director shall serve on the board ex officio without voting rights.

- (b) To insure the highest standard of legalized gambling regulation at least four of the board members shall have training or experience in at least one of the following fields: Corporate finance, economics, law, accounting, law enforcement, computer science or the pari-mutuel industry. At least two of these fields shall be represented on the board at any one time.
- (c) No board member shall accept any form of employment by a business organization regulated under this chapter for a period of two years following the termination of his service as a board member. <u>The</u> provisions of sections 1-82, as amended by this act, 1-82a and 1-88, as

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- 1224 <u>amended by this act, shall apply to any alleged violation of this</u> 1225 subsection.
- (d) No board member shall engage in any oral ex parte communications with any representative, agent, officer or employee of any business organization regulated under this chapter concerning any matter pending or impending before the board.
- (e) The members of the board shall not participate actively in political management and campaigns. Such activity includes holding office in a political party, political organization or political club, campaigning for a candidate in a partisan election by making speeches, writing on behalf of a candidate, soliciting votes in support of or in opposition to a candidate and making contributions of time and money to political parties.
- 1237 (f) The Division of Special Revenue shall provide staff support for the board.
- Sec. 26. Subsection (d) of section 16-2 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 1241 October 1, 2011):

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- (d) The commissioners of the authority shall serve full time and shall [make full public disclosure of their assets, liabilities and income at the time of their appointment, and thereafter each member of the authority shall make such disclosure on or before July thirtieth of each year of such member's term, and shall file such disclosure with the office of the Secretary of the State] file a statement of financial interests with the Office of State Ethics in accordance with section 1-83, as amended by this act. Each commissioner shall receive annually a salary equal to that established for management pay plan salary group seventy-five by the Commissioner of Administrative Services, except that the chairperson shall receive annually a salary equal to that established for management pay plan salary group seventy-seven.
- 1254 Sec. 27. Subsection (k) of section 16-2 of the general statutes is

- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- 1257 (k) No commissioner of the authority shall, for a period of one year 1258 following the termination of his or her service as a commissioner, 1259 accept employment: (1) By a public service company or by any person, 1260 firm or corporation engaged in lobbying activities with regard to 1261 governmental regulation of public service companies; (2) by a certified 1262 telecommunications provider or by any person, firm or corporation 1263 engaged in lobbying activities with regard to governmental regulation 1264 of persons, firms or corporations so certified; or (3) by an electric 1265 supplier or by any person, firm or corporation engaged in lobbying 1266 activities with regard to governmental regulation of electric suppliers. 1267 No such commissioner who is also an attorney shall in any capacity, 1268 appear or participate in any matter, or accept any compensation 1269 regarding a matter, before the authority, for a period of one year 1270 following the termination of his or her service as a commissioner. The 1271 provisions of sections 1-82, as amended by this act, 1-82a and 1-88, as 1272 amended by this act, shall apply to any alleged violation of this 1273 subsection.
- Sec. 28. Section 52-259a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- 1276 (a) Any member of the Division of Criminal Justice or the Division 1277 of Public Defender Services, any employee of the Judicial Department, 1278 acting in the performance of such employee's duties, the Attorney 1279 General, an assistant attorney general, the Consumer Counsel, any 1280 attorney employed by the Office of Consumer Counsel within the 1281 Department of Public Utility Control, the Department of Revenue 1282 Services, the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, the 1283 Freedom of Information Commission, the Board of Labor Relations, 1284 the Office of Protection and Advocacy for Persons with Disabilities, the 1285 Office of the Victim Advocate or the Department of Social Services, the 1286 Office of State Ethics or any attorney appointed by the court to assist 1287 any of them or to act for any of them in a special case or cases, while

acting in such attorney's official capacity or in the capacity for which such attorney was appointed, shall not be required to pay the fees specified in sections 52-258, 52-259, and 52-259c, subsection (a) of section 52-356a, subsection (a) of section 52-361a, section 52-367a, subsection (b) of section 52-367b and subsection (n) of section 46b-231.

- (b) (1) The Immigration and Naturalization Service shall not be required to pay any fees specified in section 52-259 for any certified copy of any criminal record.
- 1296 (2) The Office of the Federal Public Defender shall not be required to 1297 pay any fees specified in section 52-259 for any certified copy of any 1298 criminal record.
 - (3) An employee of the United States Probation Office, acting in the performance of such employee's duties, shall not be required to pay any fee specified in section 52-259 for any certified copy of any criminal record.
 - Sec. 29. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2011*) The Office of State Ethics shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to establish guidelines for the determination of when lobbying is within the scope of a person's employment, as described in sections 1-94 and 1-96 of the general statutes, as amended by this act. Such regulations shall, at a minimum, address the distinction between a person who is specifically directed by such person's employer to lobby and a person who is not specifically directed by such person's employer to lobby.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	October 1, 2011	1-79	
Sec. 2	October 1, 2011	1-80	
Sec. 3	October 1, 2011	1-81	
Sec. 4	from passage	1-82(e)	
Sec. 5	October 1, 2011	1-83(a)	
Sec. 6	October 1, 2011	1-84(j)	

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Sec. 7	October 1, 2011	1-84(m)
Sec. 8	October 1, 2011	1-84c
Sec. 9	October 1, 2011	1-85
Sec. 10	October 1, 2011	1-86(a)
Sec. 11	October 1, 2011	1-88(d)
Sec. 12	October 1, 2011	1-91
Sec. 13	October 1, 2011	1-92(a)
Sec. 14	October 1, 2011	1-92(e)
Sec. 15	July 1, 2011	1-94
Sec. 16	October 1, 2011	1-96
Sec. 17	October 1, 2011	1-96d
Sec. 18	October 1, 2011	1-97(a)
Sec. 19	October 1, 2011	1-100b(a)
Sec. 20	from passage	1-100b(c)
Sec. 21	October 1, 2011	2-16a
Sec. 22	October 1, 2011	3-13l(b)
Sec. 23	October 1, 2011	4-250
Sec. 24	October 1, 2011	4e-34(b)
Sec. 25	October 1, 2011	12-557d
Sec. 26	October 1, 2011	16-2(d)
Sec. 27	October 1, 2011	16-2(k)
Sec. 28	October 1, 2011	52-259a
Sec. 29	July 1, 2011	New section

GAE Joint Favorable Subst.